

# Learning Objectives

that lead to

Achievement of Specific Outcomes

The instructional design for a CME activity or event should lead to specific, planned outcomes for the participating learners.

Learning objectives

- Describe what an activity participant is expected to achieve in terms of improved competence (C), performance (P), or patient outcomes (PO) after participating in an educational event.
- Participants will do something better than done before participating in the learning.
- Start with action-promoting verbs (see Bloom's Taxonomy Verbs below for suggestions) and not vague terms such as 'understand' or 'know'

Examples of Objectives leading to Planned Outcomes:

- Learners will utilize updated protocols in the management of \_\_\_\_\_.
- Learners will diagnose \_\_\_\_\_ more accurately in their patients with \_\_\_\_\_.
- Learners will more effectively communicate with patients in the management of \_\_\_\_\_.
- Learners will refer patients appropriately for \_\_\_\_\_ in the health care system.

## Measurable Action-Oriented Verbs

Verbs that promote action will prompt learners to achieve planned outcomes of the activity.

Avoid using non-measurable verbs, e.g., know, recognize, understand.

For:	Related to:	Suggested Verbs:
Improved Competence, Performance or Patient Outcomes	Information	Define, Describe, Identify, List, Name, State
	Comprehension	Classify, Describe, Discuss, Explain, Identify, Summarize
Improved Competence or Performance	Analysis	Calculate, Classify, Compare, Contrast, Diagram, Solve
	Evaluation	Assess, Estimate, Evaluate, Interpret, Measure, Test
Improved Performance or Patient Outcomes	Application	Apply, Demonstrate, Diagnose, Operate, Outline, Treat
	Synthesis	Design, Diagnose, Manage, Organize, Prescribe, Solve

# Bloom's Taxonomy Verbs

## Evaluation

Make and defend judgments based on internal evidence or external criteria.

appraise  
argue assess attach  
choose compare conclude  
contrast defend describe discriminate  
estimate evaluate explain judge justify interpret  
relate predict rate select summarize support value

## Synthesis

Compile component ideas into a new whole or propose alternative solutions.

arrange assemble categorize collect combine comply  
compose construct create design develop devise explain  
formulate generate plan prepare rearrange reconstruct relate  
reorganize revise rewrite set up summarize synthesize tell write

## Analysis

Break down objects or ideas into simpler parts and find evidence to support generalizations.

analyze appraise breakdown calculate categorize compare  
contrast criticize diagram differentiate discriminate distinguish  
examine experiment identify illustrate infer model outline  
point out question relate select separate subdivide test

## Application

Apply knowledge to actual situations.

apply change choose compute demonstrate discover  
dramatize employ illustrate interpret manipulate  
modify operate practice predict prepare produce  
relate schedule show sketch solve use write

## Comprehension

Demonstrate an understanding of the facts.

classify convert defend describe discuss  
distinguish estimate explain express  
extend generalized give example(s)  
identify indicate infer locate paraphrase  
predict recognize rewrite review select  
summarize translate

## Knowledge

Remember previously learned information.

arrange define describe duplicate  
identify label list match memorize  
name order outline recognize  
relate recall repeat reproduce  
select state

Higher Order  
Thinking Skills



Lower Order  
Thinking Skills

